

Everyone should prepare for a case Study final exam question by create Tables LAC-1 or LAC-2 Table and/or a Figure WEO-1 (below) to find 5-7 peers use this [spreadsheet](#), see the PR case study for comparator jurisdictions...Doing a presentation? Include [standard references](#) at the end, and follow these VC [pptx guidelines](#)

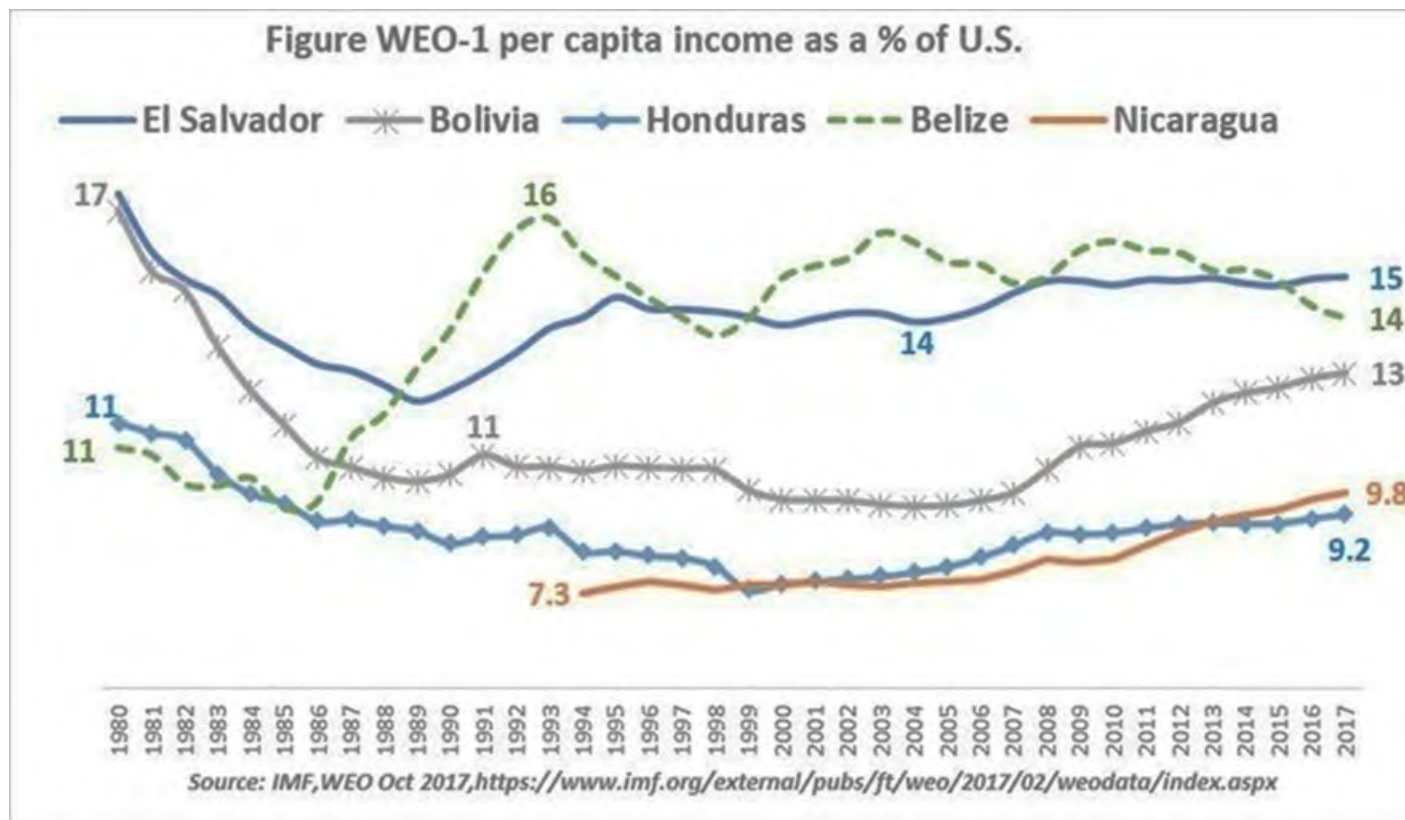


Table LAC-2 Poverty and Middle Class Shares

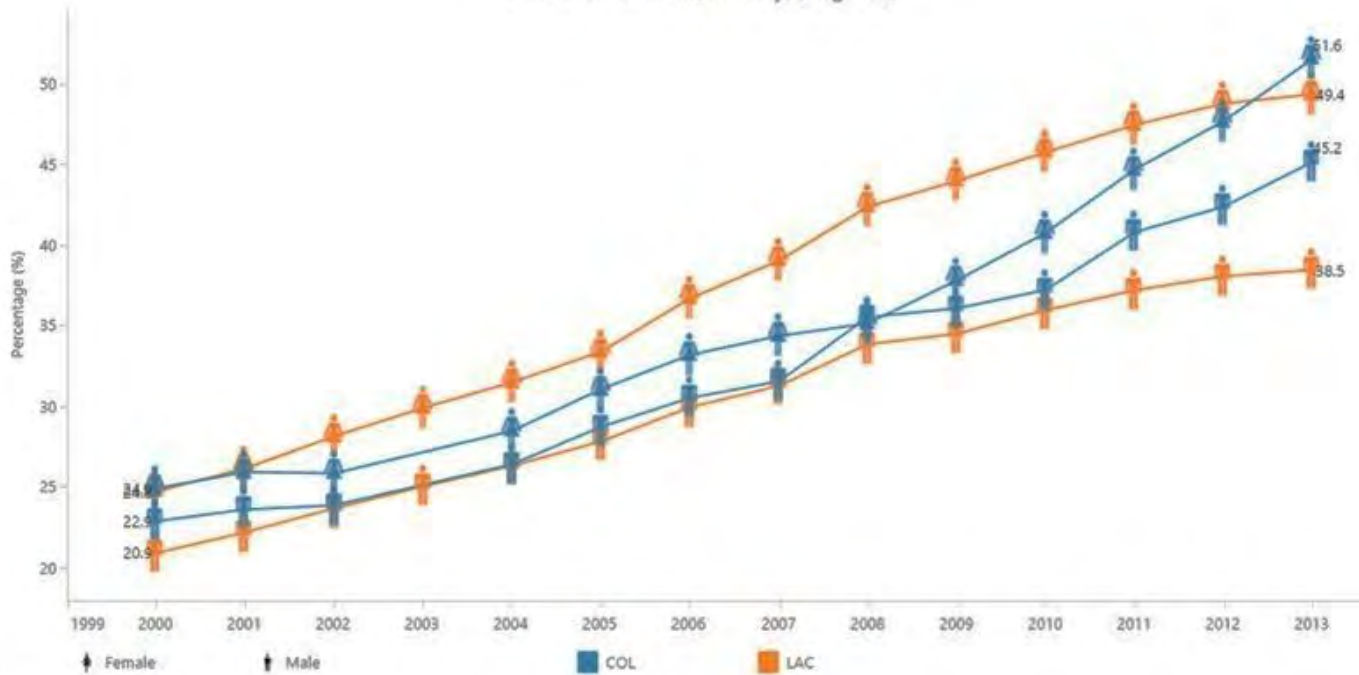
\$4/day Poverty rate 2005 SPPP (percent)				
	2000	2008	2011	2015
Latin America	43	42	27	24
Costa Rica			13	11
Honduras	56	64	56	58
\$10-\$50/day Middle Class Share				
	2000	2008	2011	2015
Latin America	21	28	31	35
Costa Rica			45	48
Honduras	13	15	13	11
\$4-\$10/day Vulnerable (informal) share				
	2000	2008	2011	2015
Latin America	35	36	39	39
Costa Rica			36	35
Honduras	13	11	13	11

LAC Equity Lab tabulations of SEDLAC (CEDLAS and the World Bank).

<http://www.worldbank.org/en/topic/poverty/lac-equity-lab1/poverty/head-count>

Educational Outcome

School enrollment, tertiary, (% gross)



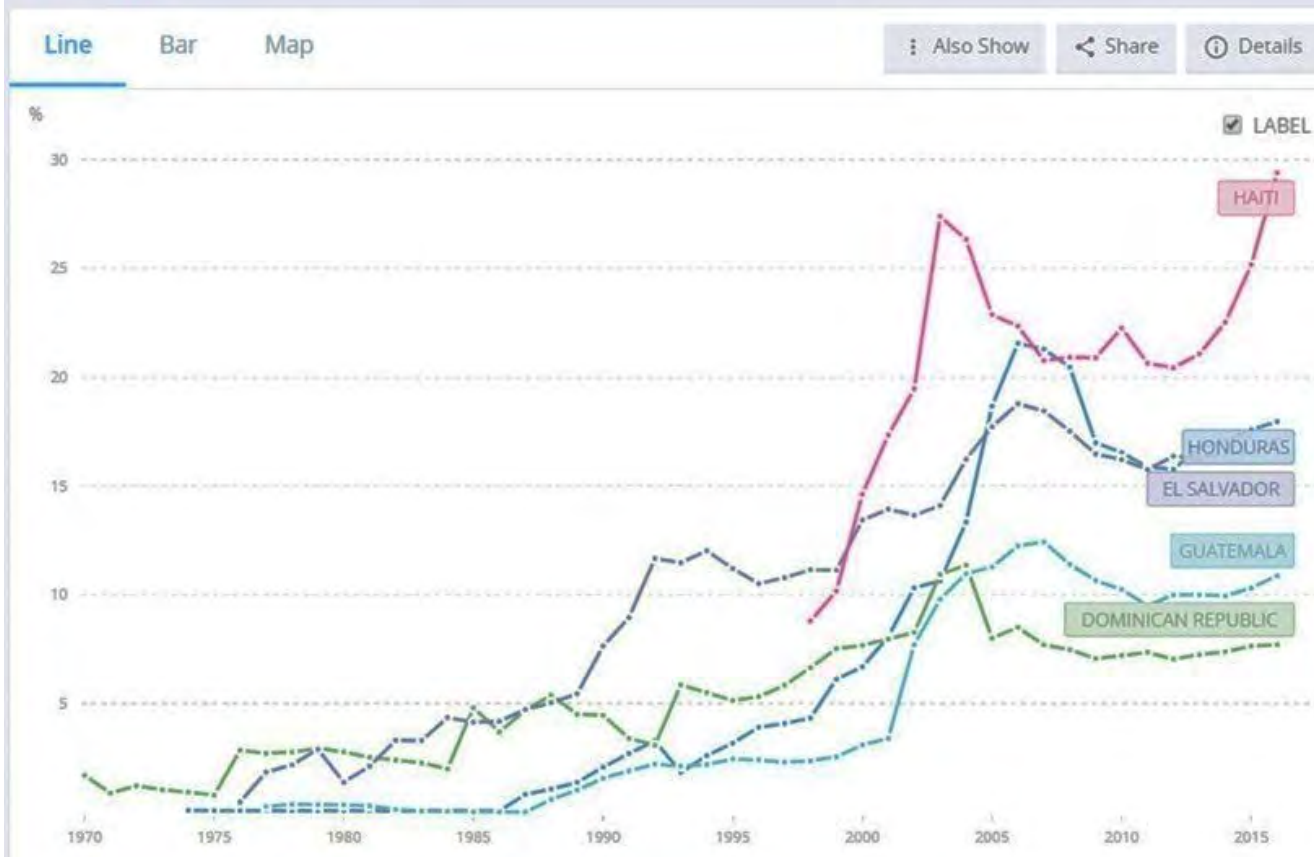
Source: LAC Equity Lab tabulations using World Development Indicators and World DataBank Education Statistics.

Notes: Data downloaded on January 13, 2016: World Development Indicators (<http://wdi.worldbank.org>) and World DataBank-Education Statistics (<http://databank.worldbank.org>).

Personal remittances, received (% of GDP)

World Bank staff estimates based on IMF balance of payments data, and World Bank and OECD GDP estimates.

License: [Open](#)



<https://data.worldbank.org/indicator/BX.TRF.PWKR.DT.GD.ZS?locations=HN-DO-SV-HT-GT>
Lederman, D., & Maloney, W. (2012). [Does what You Export Matter?: In Search of Empirical Guidance for Industrial Policies](#). World Bank Publications.

Bjørnland, H. C., & Thorsrud, L. A. (2014). [Boom or gloom? Examining the Dutch disease in two-speed economies](#).

Collier, P., & Goderis, B. (2008). [Commodity Prices, Growth, and the Natural Resource Curse: Reconciling a Conundrum](#).

*Kharas, H., & Kohli, H. (2011). [What is the middle income trap, why do countries fall into it, and how can it be avoided?](#). *Global Journal of Emerging Market Economies*, 3(3), 281-289.*

[Sachs Warner Resource Curse](#)

Cuba <https://nacla.org/article/foreign-investment-new-cuban-economy>

CEPAL http://repositorio.cepal.org/bitstream/handle/11362/42002/26/EEI2017_Cuba_en.pdf

Otexa <http://web.ita.doc.gov/tacgi/fta.nsf/9fa2d832b2b4b6e6852577ae006a6d93/a50e9e9a5187f05085257aae00690f44?OpenDocument&country=Colombia>

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http://class.povertylectures.com/HandbookofMicrofinance_chap01.pdf

Karlan, Dean S.; Zinman, Jonathan (2007) : Expanding credit access: using randomized supply decisions to estimate the impacts, Center discussion paper // Economic Growth Center, No. 956 https://karlan.yale.edu/sites/default/files/rev._financ._stud.-2010-karlan-433-64.pdf

<https://www.econstor.eu/bitstream/10419/26995/1/593370082.PDF>

Honduras

<http://www.equatorinitiative.org/2017/05/29/muskitia-asla-takanka-masta/>

<https://www.theguardian.com/world/2016/mar/03/honduras-berta-caceres-murder-environment-activist-human-rights>

Moore, Charity. *Assessing Honduras? CCT Programme PRAF, Programa de Asignación Familiar: Expected and Unexpected Realities*. No. 15. International Policy Centre for Inclusive Growth, 2008.

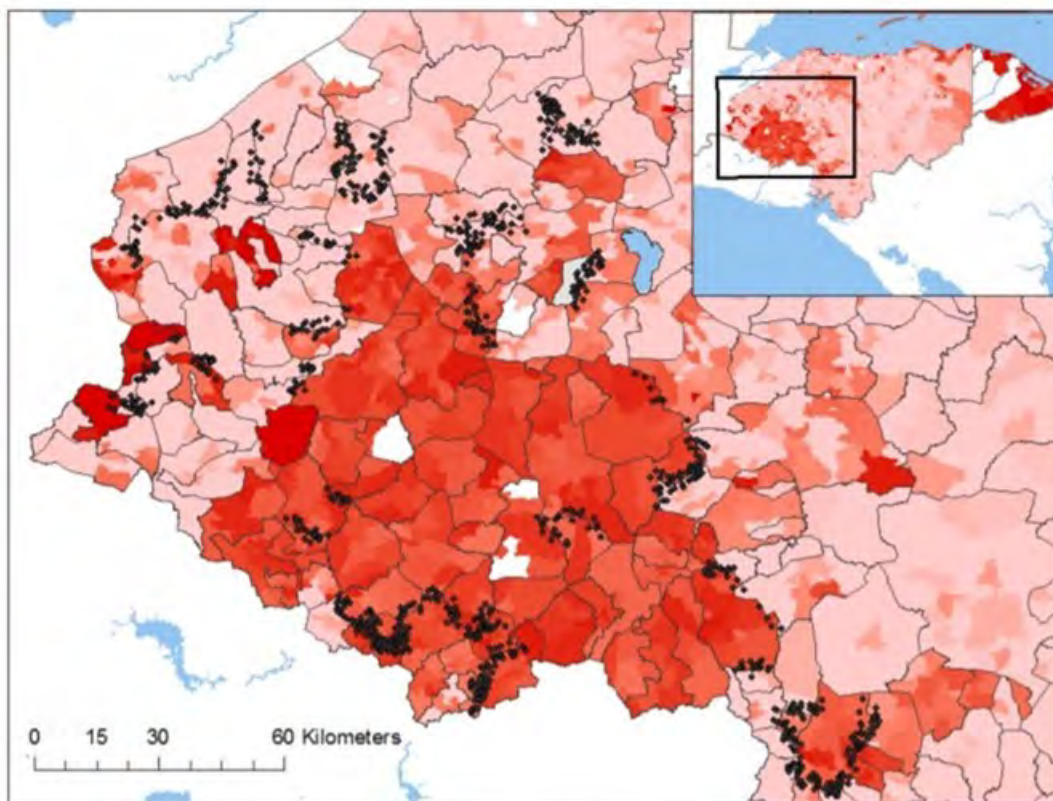
<http://www.ipc-undp.org/pub/IPCCountryStudy15.pdf>

Galiani, Sebastian, Patrick J. McEwan, and Brian Quistorff. "External and internal validity of a geographic quasi-experiment embedded in a cluster-randomized experiment." In *Regression discontinuity designs: Theory and applications*, pp. 195-236. Emerald Publishing Limited, 2017.

Export product mix and real exchange rate [MIT Observatory of Economic complexity](#) and 2) *Doing business indicators for peers and comparator economies* *References* [Krugman and Delong](#) [PVCV_Hamiltonians.pdf](#)

http://www-personal.umich.edu/~cattaneo/aie-rdd/Galiani-McEwan-Quistorff_2016_AIE.pdf

Figure 4: Proportion of eligible children self-identifying as Lenca in 2001



Note: Darker shades indicate higher proportions of children self-identify as Lenca (or another racial or ethnic minority), using 20 quantiles of the aldea (village) distribution. Municipal borders are outlined. Dots indicate caserios in the geographic quasi-experimental sample within 2 kilometers of municipal borders.



**Remembering Berta
Cáceres: 'I'm a human
rights fighter and I
won't give up'**

[→ Read more](#)

Christians are playing a central role in rebuilding Puerto Rico, writes David Skeel <https://www.wsj.com/articles/how-churches-are-helping-puerto-rico-1510274035> via @WSJOpinion

She Took On Colombia's Soda Industry. Then She Was Silenced. <https://nyti.ms/2jnL5TE>

<https://www.project-syndicate.org/commentary/mexican-paradox-economic-orthodoxy-low-productivity-by-santiago-levy-and-dani-rodrik-2017-08>

Redist Growth

<https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/Staff-Discussion-Notes/Issues/2016/12/31/Redistribution-Inequality-and-Growth-41291>

Fiscal monitor

<https://blogs.imf.org/2017/10/11/inequality-fiscal-policy-can-make-the-difference/>

<http://www.doingbusiness.org/rankings?region=latin-america-and-caribbean>

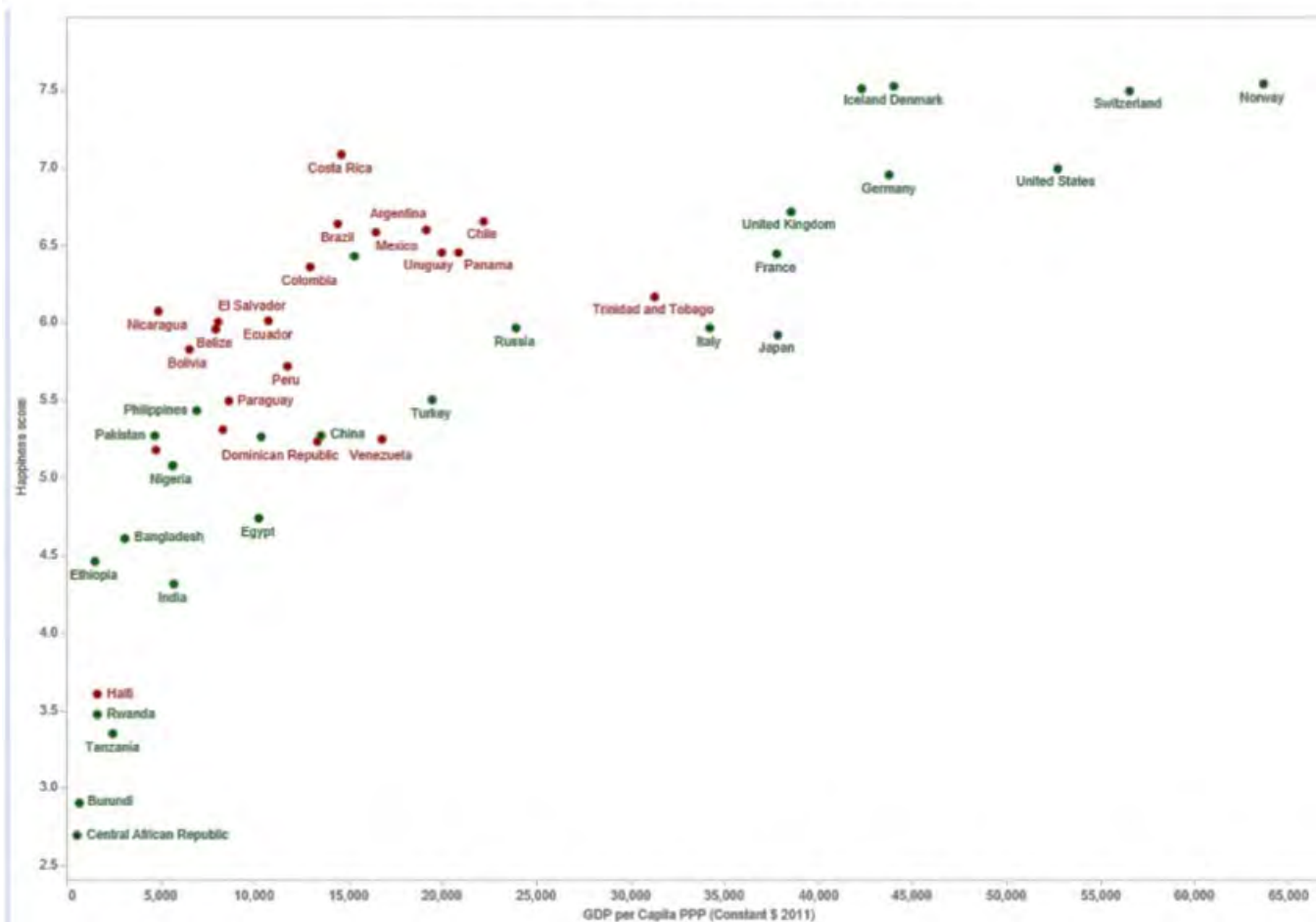
<http://worldhappiness.report/overview/>

<https://blogs.iadb.org/ideasmatter/2017/11/13/why-inequality-declined-in-latin-america/>

<https://blogs.iadb.org/Ideasquecuentan/2017/04/19/por-que-los-latinoamericanos-son-mas-felices-de-lo-que-sugiere-su-pib/>

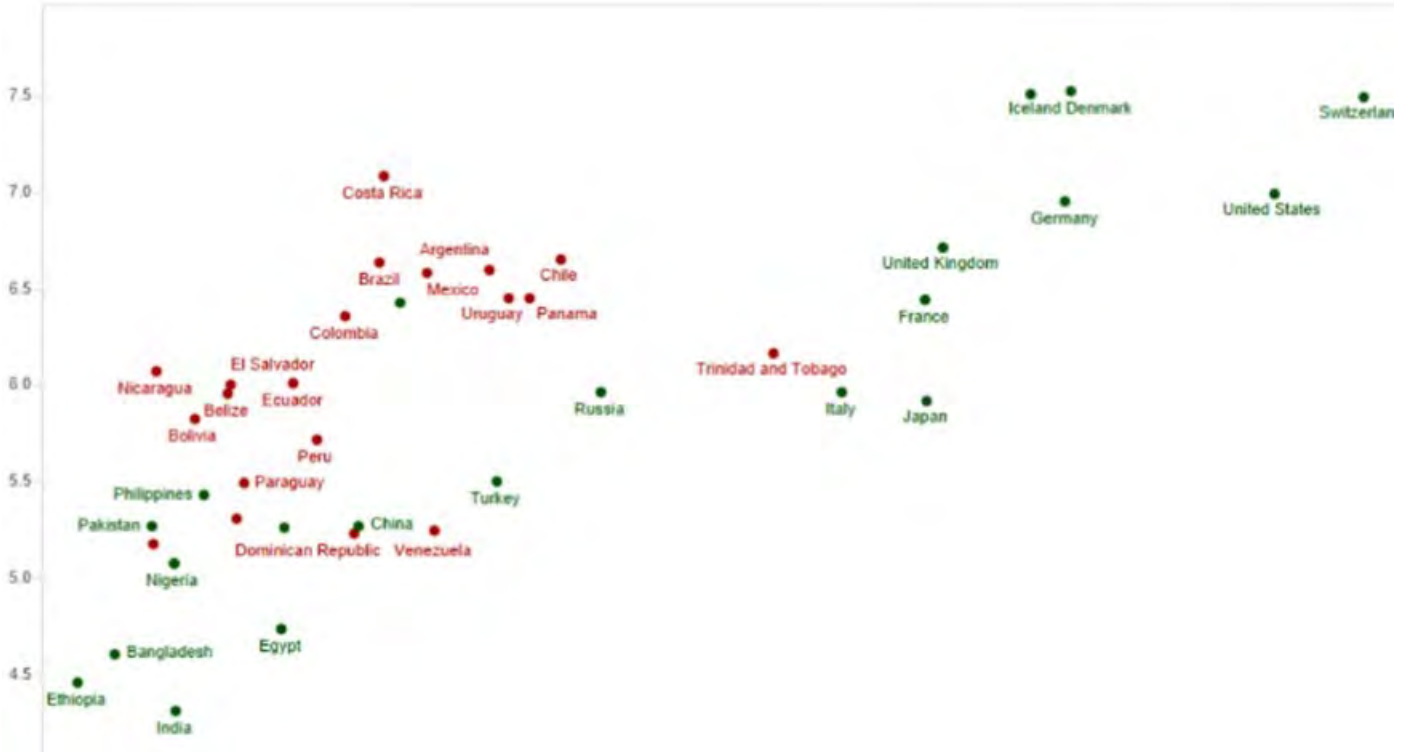
<https://blogs.iadb.org/ideasmatter/2017/04/19/latin-americans-happier-gdp-suggest/>

Figure 1: GDP per capita and Happiness



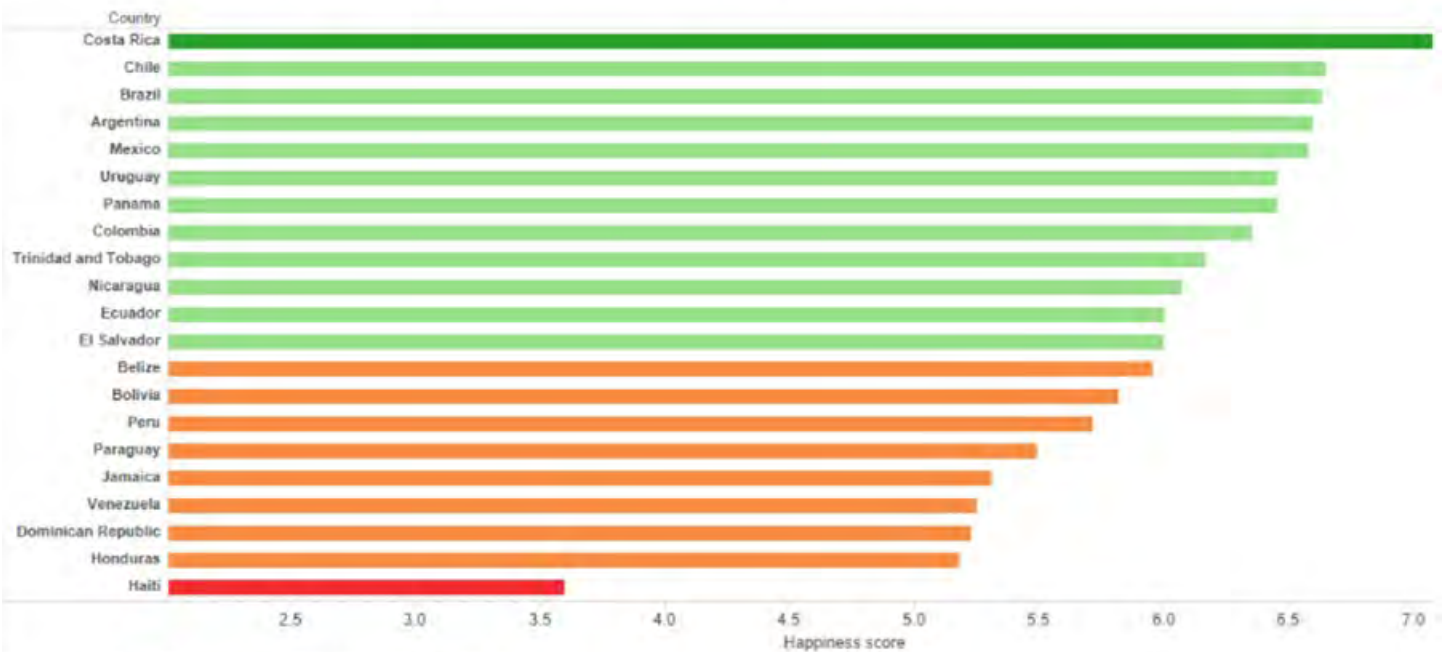
<https://blogs.iadb.org/ideasmatter/2017/04/19/latin-americans-happier-gdp-suggest/>

<http://worldhappiness.report/ed/2017/>



Zimbabwe army's power grab could mark end of Robert Mugabe's reign <https://www.wsj.com/articles/zimbabwes-robert-mugabe-long-all-powerful-now-forsaken-by-allies-1510769826> via @WSJ

Figure 2: Happiness in Latin America and the Caribbean



Source: WDI and World Happiness Report 2017. Graphic: Anastasiya Yarygina.



USD - US Dollar
 ↔
 HNL - Honduran Lempira

Still Standing

The world's longest-serving leaders ————— measure their tenures in decades.

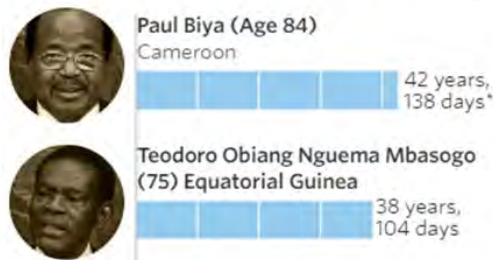
*Includes time as prime minister. †Served as president and Supreme Leader. ‡In two periods.

Sources: news reports, governments' websites Photos: EPA/Shutterstock (Mugage, Nguesso, Museveni); Agence France-Presse/Getty Images (al-Bashir); Associated Press (all others)

Compared to Latin America has many long lived leaders...

Still Standing

The world's longest-serving leaders
 □ measure their tenures in decades.





Robert Mugabe (93)

Zimbabwe



Ali Khamenei (78)

Iran



Nursultan Nazarbayev (77)

Kazakhstan



Denis Sassou Nguesso (73)

Congo



Hun Sen (65)

Cambodia



Yoweri Museveni (73)

Uganda



Omar al-Bashir (73)

Sudan



Idriss Déby (65)

Chad

