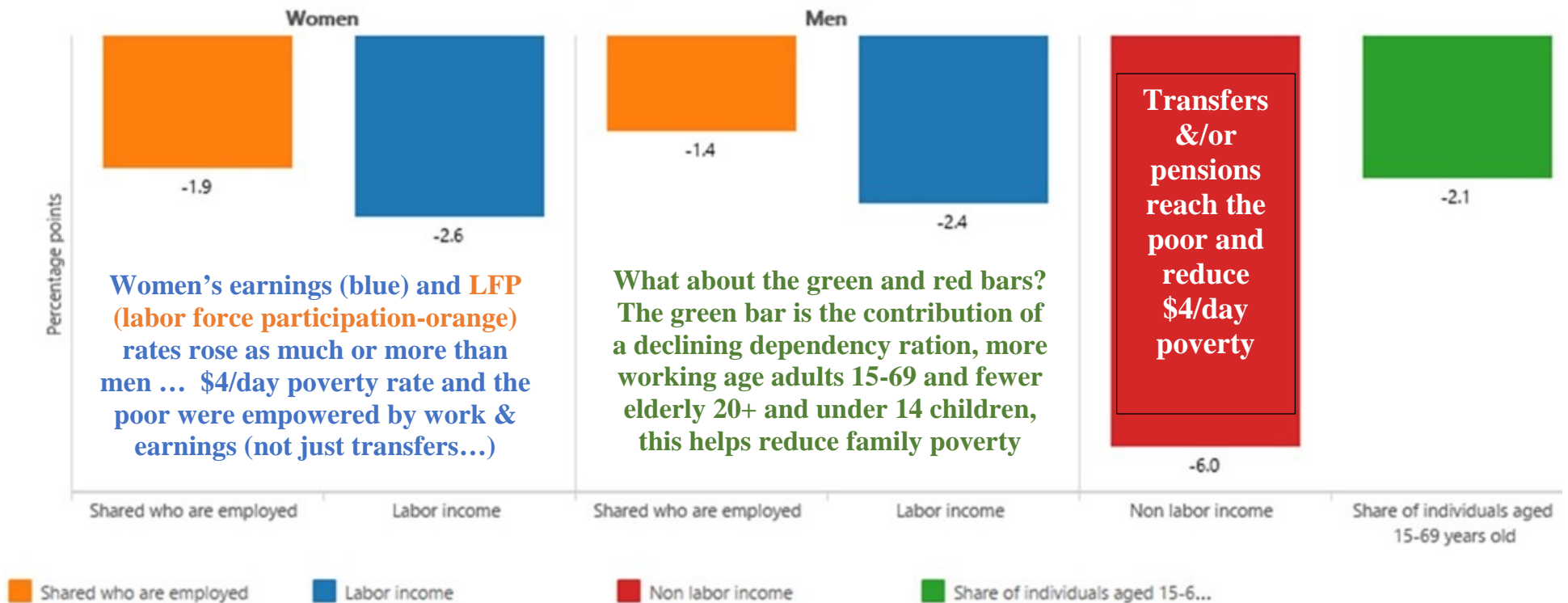


Discuss what each color means... use this docx file or spreadsheet to make labels

## Contribution of household income sources to changes in Poverty rate Dominican Republic 2004 2014, Poverty \$4 (2005 PPP)



## ECLAC encourages the region's countries to put public policies in practice which:

1) are based on standards of indigenous peoples' rights

2) include their perspectives and contributions to the region's development

3) consolidate improvements in their well-being and living conditions, political participation and territorial rights

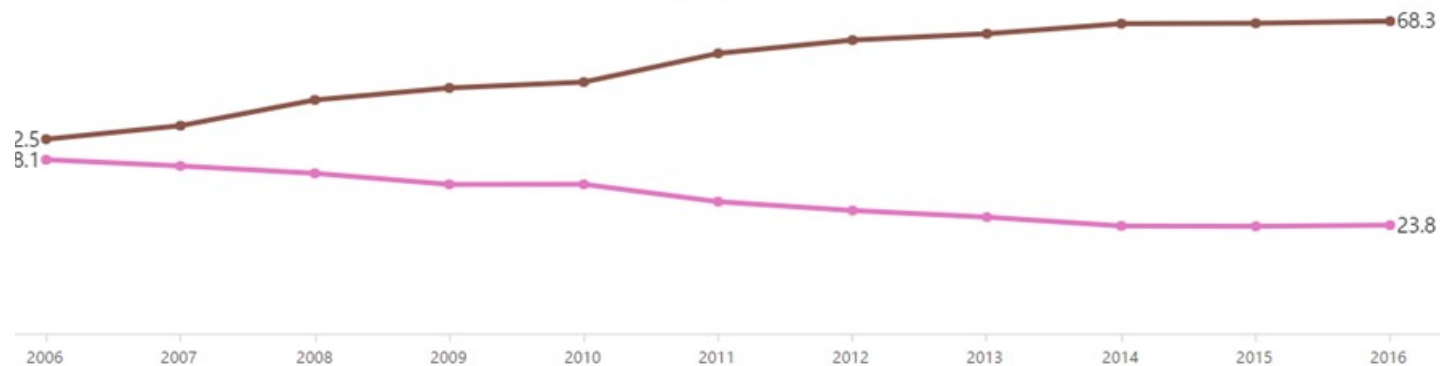
4) promote the construction of multicultural societies that benefit us all

ECLAC

Source: Guaranteeing indigenous people's rights in Latin America: progress in the past decade and remaining challenges, ECLAC - <http://www.cepal.org/publicaciones/default.asp?idioma=IN>

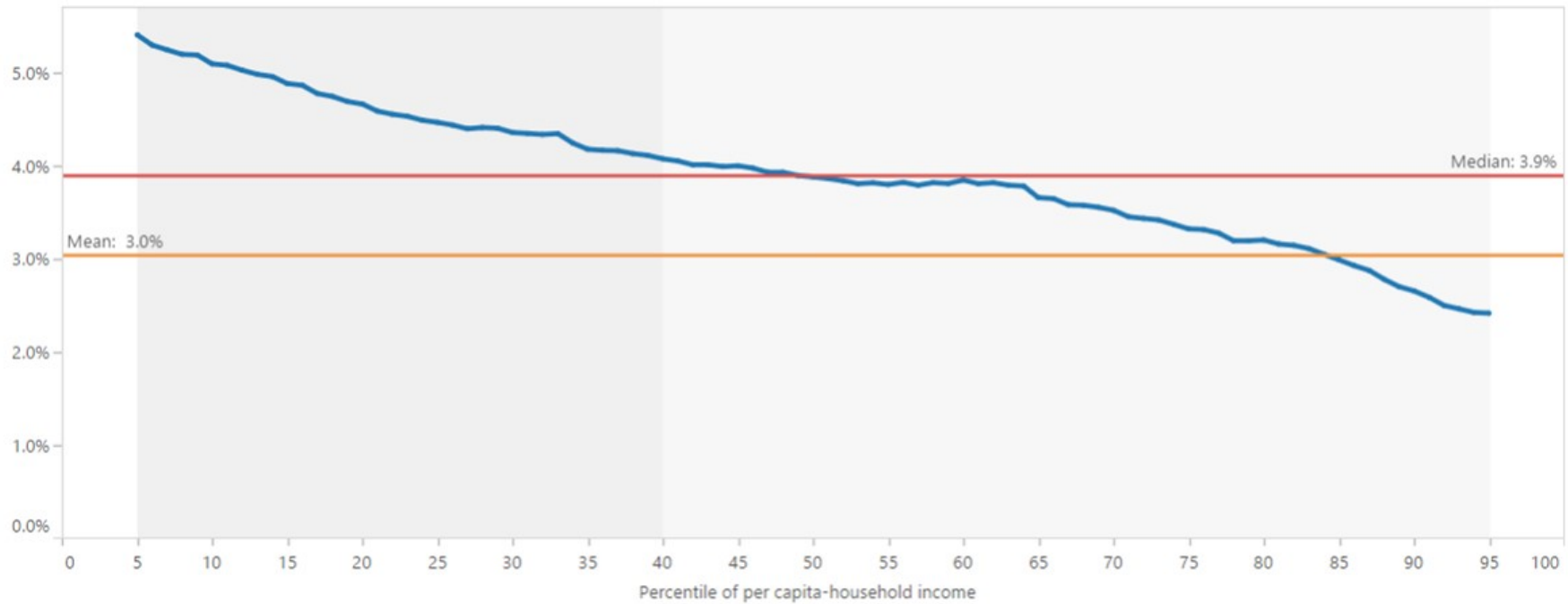
Questions for review: (1) Why is this infographic relevant to Roma? Which country has by far the largest indigenous population (in millions)? Did you know this? Do the top 8-10 in a pyramid... is your country in the top 10...? Which country has (by far) the largest share of indigenous peoples? How does this help explain the amazing appeal and longevity of Presidents Evo Morales and Raphael Correa? Do either or them speak and indigenous language? In the film it is Mixtec, what language do Morales and Correa speak (as well as English and Spanish...). Why do the children in Roma get upset when Cleo (Yalitza Aparicio) and

Poverty rate: National  
Uruguay



Compare your country's growth incidence curve to this one for LAC. Is growth high, do bottom 40% benefit most from growth? Compare this GIC with the famous Elephant curve... why is this comparison a little misleading? Shared prosperity is when the bottom 40% gain most from growth (more than average, the darker gray region below...)

### LAC (2004-2014) Annualized Growth



**Source:** LAC Equity Lab tabulations using SEDLAC (CEDLAS and World Bank) WDI for LAC interpolations.

**Note:** Since the numbers presented here are based on SEDLAC, a regional data harmonization effort that increases cross-country comparability, they may differ from official statistics reported by governments and national statistical offices. The LAC aggregate is based on 17 countries in the region for which microdata are available. In cases where data are unavailable for a given country in a given year, values have been interpolated using WDI data to calculate regional measures. The median reported in this figure is the income growth of the 50th percentile and the mean is the growth of average per-capita income. *Updated April 2016*

**Source:** LAC Equity Lab tabulations using SEDLAC (CEDLAS and World Bank) WDI for LAC interpolations.

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